ECONOMIC IMPACT OF WISCONSIN'S INLAND WATERWAYS



IN 2021, WISCONSIN'S PORTS, INLAND WATERWAYS, AND INLAND WATERWAYS-DEPENDENT INDUSTRIES SUPPORTED

Nearly 147,000 jobs

\$10.0 billion in personal income

\$15.8 billion in Gross State Product

\$34.1 billion in total output

... Giving rise to

\$1.2

in state & local tax revenue

INLAND WATERWAYS SUPPORT WISCONSIN'S KEY INDUSTRIES

tons

Industry Sub-Category

Percent of Goods Shipped by Water (Tons)

Direct Wisconsin Jobs

Construction

C+ 3.1% of inbound

69.962

Nonmetallic Mineral Product Mfg

4.3% of inbound

5.629

TOP INLAND WATERWAYS **COMMODITIES BY WEIGHT**

(comprising 87% of total tonnage)









million tons

TOP INLAND WATERWAYS COMMODITIES BY VALUE (comprising 62% of total value)



\$32.0 million



524.0 million



S10.0 million

Wisconsin has nearly

of navigable inland waterways, ranking it

th in the

WISCONSIN'S INLAND WATERWAY ASSETS AT A GLANCE



Mississippi and **Wisconsin Rivers and Great Lakes System**



public ports

In 2021,

tons of freight valued at

\$107 MILLION

moved on Wisconsin's inland waterways, which is equivalent to over

48.000 TRUCKS

Avoided trucks translates into reduced congestion, emissions, and crashes, and contributes to the state of good repair of highway infrastructure

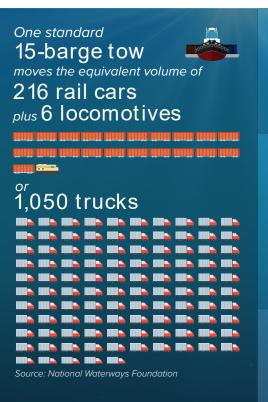
of Wisconsin's MARINE FREIGHT TONNAGE moves on inland waterways

BENEFITS OF INLAND WATERWAYS TRANSPORTATION

America's inland waterways system is vital to our nation's competitiveness and economic growth. The inland waterways efficiently, sustainably, cost-effectively and safely transport critical commodities like agricultural goods, energy products, building materials and industrial chemicals to destinations within the U.S. and to deep water ports for export. In 2021, nearly 500 million tons of goods valued at more than \$158 billion moved on the U.S. inland waterways system. The U.S. Department of Transportation Freight Analysis Framework freight forecasts suggest total water tonnage will increase at an annual growth of 0.7% per year through 2040. Barge transportation is the safest, most environmentally friendly, economical, and fuel-efficient way to move our nation's goods for use domestically and for export. On a single gallon of fuel, one barge can move freight more than four times farther than trucks, releasing 10 times fewer emissions.

Called "the backbone of the transportation logistics system," the inland waterways are a key part of the United States' transportation supply chain. The system includes a vast network of 12,000 miles of connecting waterways and 219 locks. However, the majority of locks and dams on the Mississippi River system were constructed during the 1930s and are operating well beyond their 50-year design life. Modernizing the nation's inland waterways system will support and create American jobs, increase U.S. exports, and inject billions of dollars into the U.S. economy to power our growth for the next 50 years.

Sources: U.S. Department of Agriculture Inland Waterways Study (2019); U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Waterborne Commerce Statistics; Federal Highway Administration Freight Analysis Framework; U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics Occupational Employment Statistics; IMPLAN



Our nation's ports and waterways remain the crucial backbone of our economy. Approximately 2.3B tons of cargo are shipped to, from or through **41 states each year.** The U.S. marine transportation industry supports trillions of dollars in commerce and millions of jobs.

Source: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Value to the Nation Civil Works, 2021.

The annual net economic benefit generated by the Corps' Civil Works mission is estimated to be \$89B a return of about \$12 for every dollar **expended** – with the total amount provided to improve the nation's water infrastructure at \$10.24B.

Source: Senate Environment and Public Works Committee summaries, 2023

In 2021, there were on the inland waterways system.

Source: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Recreation

Barges have the smallest carbon footprint among surface transportation modes







832% more

than barges

140.7

Marine transportation is critical to agricultural exports, forecast at \$175.5B.

Agriculture will provide a \$10.5B trade surplus to the American economy, with imports forecast at \$165 billion. Forestry and fishery products, and critical farm inputs such as fertilizer, feed, and fuel move on the waterway system as well.

Agricultural exports are responsible for 25.5% of **U.S. farm income**, also driving rural economic activity and Tons of CO2 per Million Ton-Miles

Compared to barges, moving an identical amount of cargo by rail generates 43% more carbon dioxide emissions, and trucks generate over 800% more emissions.

Source: Texas Transportation Institute

supporting more than **1M American jobs** on and off the farm. Source: A Reliable Waterway System Is Important to Agriculture, 2022